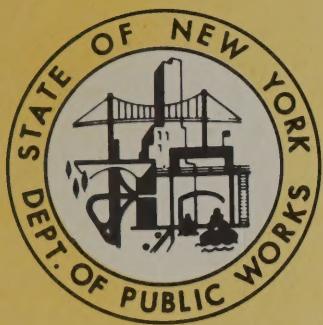
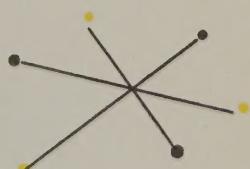
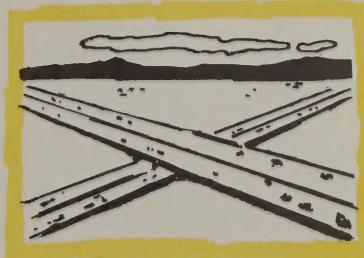
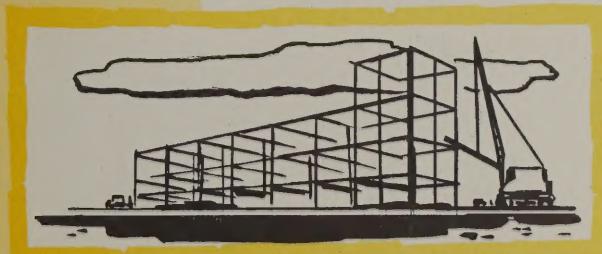


Wm. P. Hofmann



CONSOLIDATION TEST



bureau of electronic data processing



STATE OF NEW YORK
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

CONSOLIDATION TEST

PROGRAM NUMBER 5502

Joseph P. Ronan
Administrative Deputy

J. Burch McMorran
Superintendent

April 1964

BUREAU OF ELECTRONIC DATA PROCESSING

Consolidation Test
Program Number 5502

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This project was progressed jointly by the Bureau of Electronic Data Processing and the Bureau of Soil Mechanics.

Programming and documentation were accomplished by Henry Rivet, Computer Programmer (Scientific) (Electronic Data Processing). Program analysis was accomplished by Everett C. Hall, Assistant Soils Engineer (Bureau of Soil Mechanics).

Charles E. Carlson, Director
Bureau of Electronic Data Processing

William P. Hofmann, Director
Bureau of Soil Mechanics

NYS DOT
Library
50 Wolf Road, POD 34
Albany, New York 12232

Consolidation Test
Program Number 5502

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Consolidation Test
Program Number 5502

General

A. Part I

This 1620 FORTRAN program computes values for HEIGHT OF SOLID, MOISTURE CONTENT, WET DENSITY and SATURATION obtained from soil samples, and, VOID RATIO and square of the AVERAGE SAMPLE HEIGHT of the samples under varying pressures. Output is listed such that values for T50 and T90 Coefficients of Permeability and Slope of Secondary Consolidation may be hand-entered from plots computed by program 5505-2.

Input data will be obtained from source documents in accordance with the keypunched section of this manual and punched on cards. Output will be printed on 8½ inch, 2-part continuous forms. Tests may be identified by sample number printed on each page thereof.

Since it is anticipated that these tests will be batched for submission to EDP, the program has been designed to accommodate batch processing. It is also written to compute output for any number of load values.

The object program was compiled with a PDQ FORTRAN processor in fixed format and may be run on any computer of 20K or larger.

B. Part II

Part II of 5502 is processed on a 1620 Computer and Calcomp Digital Incremental Plotter. This run of the program plots two sets of graphs from which coefficients of permeability and slopes of secondary consolidation are determined. The plots consist of log time against dial deflection to find the T50 value, and square root of time against deflection to find the T90 value. The plot routine is programmed to define three graphs of 10 inch height across the chart paper. Dial readings are scaled for 100, 200, 500 or 1000 increments per inch depending upon total dial deflection range. This scaling limits plot range from a minimum of 4 inches to a maximum of 8 inches. Overflow tests have been devised to maintain all plots within $9\frac{1}{2}$ inches of the origin and to prevent loss of the origin because of machine overflow.

Input data for this run is taken from source documents in accordance with the keypunch section of this manual and punched on cards. Output will originate from the Calcomp Plotter and will be executed on 2 inch per cycle semi-log paper and standard one inch cross-section paper. Because of non-availability of required semi-log graph paper at this time, output will be processed on cross-section paper (translucent) and read with a semi-log overlay on a light table.

Input for this run of the program may be batch processed as described in the keypunch and computer operating instructions section of the manual.

CONSOLIDATION TEST

PROGRAM NO. 5502

ANALYSIS

Scope

The objectives of this program are first and foremost to eliminate the time spent in manually calculating and plotting the data from consolidation tests.

Accuracy of results is maintained and since the plotter produces co-ordinates based on .01 inch increments, the accuracy could conceivably be more consistent on the time-compression plots.

Flexibility of test procedures is another feature of this program. While our present rapid loading procedure of three hours duration per load is applicable to the bulk of our consolidation testing, shorter durations for very rapid draining soils are handled by this program and the few additional points necessary to define the secondary slope on a very slow draining soil may be entered manually on the plots. Sizes other than our standard 2.5-inch diameter and 3/4-inch height specimen rings may be used with this program.

The description of the equipment and procedure are not detailed since they presuppose a knowledge of soils and soil testing and are only to show their adaptation to a computer program.

Equipment

Consolidation test frames used are lever type "Soil Test" Models C-280 and C-240 capable of applying maximum pressures of 48,000 and 96,000 pounds per square inch on a 2.5 diameter specimen, respectively.

Federal dial indicators with a total range of 0.5 inches and .0001 inch graduations are used to measure deflections.

The standard specimen ring is 2.5 inches diameter and 0.75 inches in height. This ring is used for trimming the soil specimen and is tapered to fit into the consolidometer barrel, thereby eliminating the need for transferring the specimen from cutting ring to consolidometer.

Procedure

The sample is prepared and set up in the testing apparatus according to accepted consolidation test procedures and the initial data consisting of wet weights, tare weights, height, area of specimen, etc., are entered on Form SM 291-6/64, Page A 14.

The loading schedule commences with 125 pounds per square foot and is doubled in magnitude until the desired maximum load is reached.

The load number, the corresponding magnitude and final dial reading are also entered on SM 291-6/64.

Procedure Cont'd

Deflection readings versus time are recorded on Form SM 290-6/64 (Page A 20) at the indicated time increments.

Duration of each load is established by the following criteria:

Silts and clayey silts of low plasticity are loaded for one hour. Silty clays and clays of medium to high plasticity and most organic soils are loaded for three hours.

Gelatinous organic soils and very plastic clays may require loading durations up to 24 hours. The three-hour duration suffices for the majority of soils tested.

The output data received from the Bureau of Electronic Data Processing consists of a continuous strip chart on which the co-ordinates for dial reading versus log of time and dial reading versus square root of time are plotted. Sample plots are shown on Pages A 28 and A 29. Additional points beyond the three-hour program limit are manually entered when needed.

The individual plots are identified by a printed code number which represents the load number and an assigned test number.

Procedure (Cont'd)

A curve through the co-ordinates is manually constructed and the log fitting and square root fitting method are used to determine the times of 50% and 90% consolidation, respectively. The log slope of secondary consolidation is also determined from the log of time versus dial reading plot (Page A 29).

The moisture content, wet unit weight, degree of saturation, void ratios and average heights squared are received in tabular form (Page A 18) and are used to compute the coefficients of consolidation and construct the void ratio versus log of pressure plots (Page A 8).

Conclusion

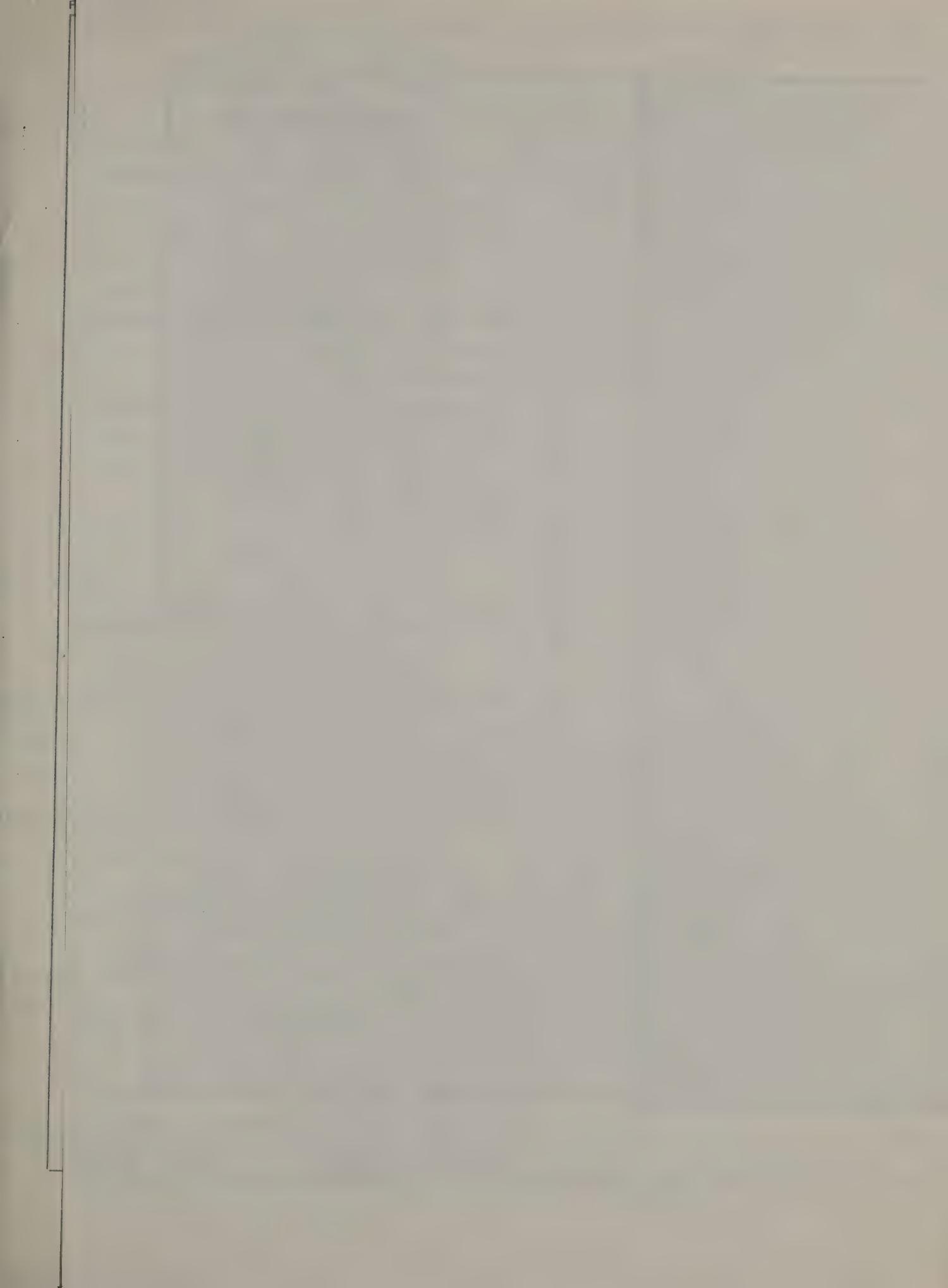
The I.B.M. 1620 computer program for processing consolidation data and plotting time-compression curves coupled with the rapid loading method accomplishes its objective of greatly reducing the total time necessary to produce a completed consolidation test.

Additional computer programming might take the form of plotting the void ratio versus log of pressure and the location of the t_{50} and t_{90} points on the time-compression curve and the subsequent computing of the C_v values.

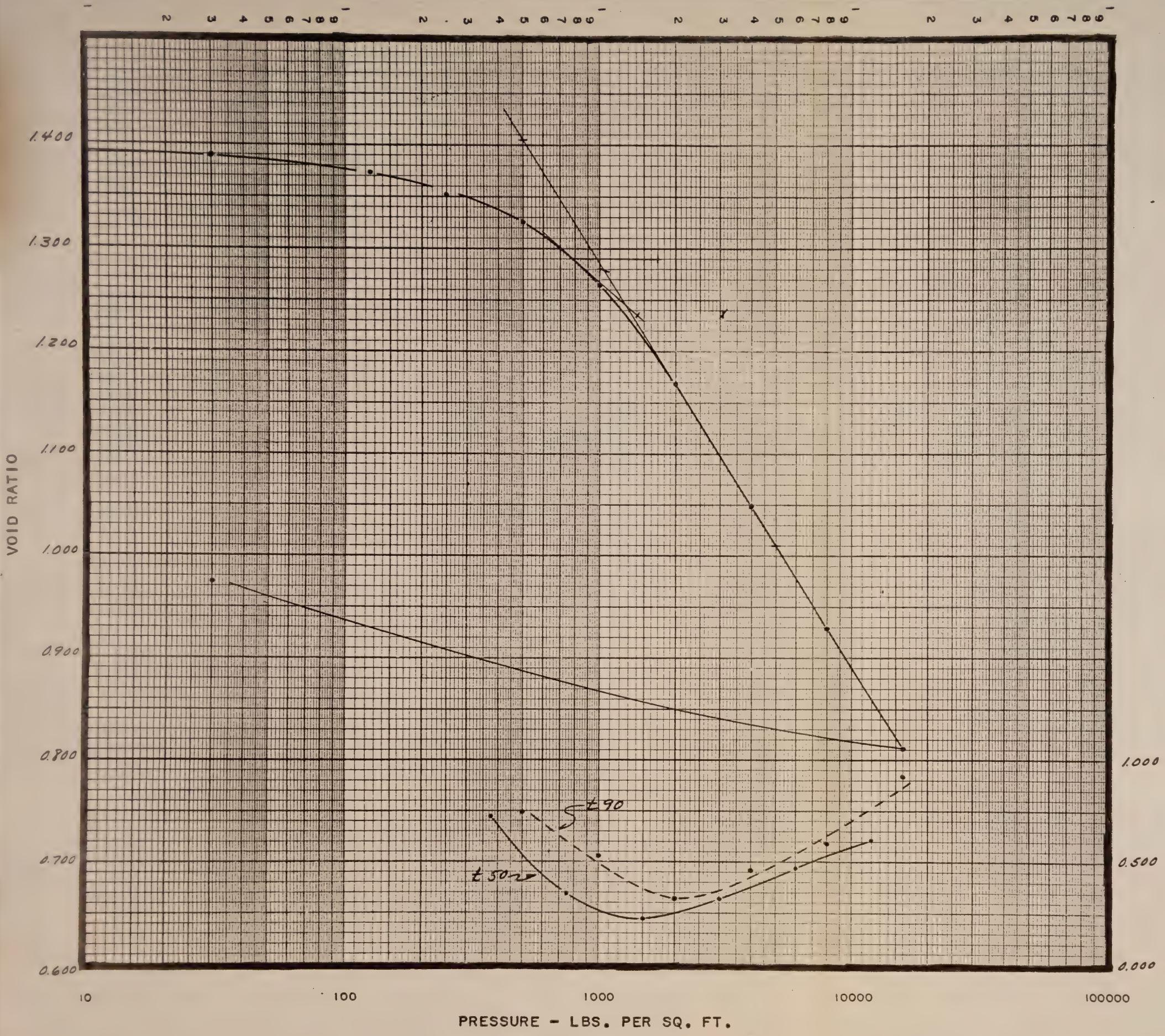
Conclusion Cont'd

These steps were omitted for the present due to the desirability of having a presentation or cover sheet consisting of the void ratio versus log of pressure plot accompanied by an overall summary.

In our opinion, including the calculation of coefficient of consolidation from a time compression curve would tend to eliminate the judgement and experience necessary to apply the fitting methods.



N W 4 0 0 7 0 0 N W 4 0 6 7 0 6 N W 4 0 6 7 0 6 N W 4 0 0 7 0 0



A 8

STATE OF NEW YORK
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS
BUREAU OF SOIL MECHANICS

CONSOLIDATION TEST

PROJECT UTICA-FRANKFORT-ILION

HOLE NUMBER UH-55 DEPTH 155'
STATION 2449+00 OFFSET 25'R
LABORATORY NUMBER 2-368-UH55-T8
DATA CODE 996 MACHINE NUMBER 23

VISUAL DESCRIPTION

DARK GRAY SILTsome Organictrace Marl & ClayM-5-LP

SAMPLE PROFILE

TEST SET UP BY E. Pyskodlo DATE 3-18-64

CLASSIFICATION TESTS

MOISTURE CONTENT 51.2 %
WET DENSITY 107.2 PCF
SPECIFIC GRAVITY 2.72
LIQUID LIMIT 42.9
PLASTIC LIMIT 24.3
PLASTIC INDEX 18.6
ORGANIC CONTENT 2.49 %

PERCENT FINER THAN

.074MM — .020MM — .002MM —

PRECONSOLIDATION PRESSURE

MINIMUM _____ MAXIMUM 1040COMPRESSION INDEX 0.395

REMARKS:

DRAWN BY G. Jillson
CHECKED BY G. ReyerDATE 6-24-64DATE 6-24-64

Consolidation Test

Program 5502

I. Description of Work Being Done by Computer

A) Described under General A and B.

II. Data Submitted to E.D.P.

A) Data will be batched and submitted weekly. Engineer-in-charge should check forms # SM290 and # SM291 for completion and accuracy before submission to EDP for production. Form EDP-3a must accompany test data when forwarded to the computer unit for processing. A sample transmittal form appears below.

Form EDP-3a (7/63)

BUREAU OF EDP

JOB TRANSMITTAL CARD

Control Identification Number

Submitting Bureau or Unit PHYSICAL RESEARCH Location BLDG 8

Date of Submission 01430614 by HENRY RIVET Ext. 2345

Date of Completion 0505614 Actual Completion Date

Job Title: CONSOLIDATION TEST Procedure No. 5502.02

Remarks:

Recurring
 Special

Key Punch

Tabulate

Reproduce

Sort

Printing Punch

Interpret

Collate

Compute

For further detailed instructions, see reverse side.

III. Work Done by E.D.P. on Data

a) Cards punched

1) Part I

A. The first card contains laboratory number.
Card two contains zero dial reading and
number of tests made on sample.
Card three lists test initializing data.
Subsequent cards contain test data.

B. Cards are fed through IBM 1620 Computer
where computations are accomplished
according to program list.

2) Part II

A. The first card contains test code number
and load.
The five subsequent cards contain test data.
Each column of data follows this order for
every test.

B. Cards are fed through IBM 1620 Computer
which causes on-line plotter to plot time-
deflection curves.

b) All printed forms are separated and bursted.

IV. Data Returned to Bureau of Soils

a) Input data cards, forms and listings.
b) Output

1) Part I

A. Moisture Content, Height of Solid, Wet
Density, Saturation, Void Ratio and Average
Sample Height Squared.

2) Part II

A. Run #1
Plots of log (time) against dial deflection.

B. Run #2
Plots of square root of time against dial
deflection.

Bureau of Soils - Consolidation Test

Program Number 5502-1

Symbol List

The following symbols are used in the test computations:

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>
DEPTH	Depth
WTSG	Wt. of Glass + Wet Soil
WTCLS	Wt. of Glass
WDSTR	Wt. of Dry Soil and Tare
VFACT	Volume Factor
ARING	Area of Ring
HRING	Height of Ring
SGRAV	Specific Gravity
N	Number of Tests (Loads)
WTARE	Tare
ZDR	Dial Reading (Zero Load)
NLD	Load Number
XLOAD	Load
FDR	Final Dial Reading
WDRY	Wt. of Dry Soil
WWSL	Wt. of Wet Soil
WTDEN	Wet Density
WH2O	Wt. of Water
XCONT	Moisture Content
VSOL	Volume of Solids

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>
HSOL	Height of Solids
SAT	Saturation
CONS	Consolidation
HSAMP	Height of Sample
HVOID	Height of Voids
VOIDR	Void Ratio
AHSQ	Average Height Squared
LABNO	Laboratory Number

All formulae used may be found in listing of source program.

Consolidation Test

Program Number 5502-1

FORMULAE

Weight of dry soil	=	WDSTR - WTARE
Weight of wet soil	=	WTSG - WTGLS
Wet density	=	(WWSL) - (VFACT)
Weight of water	=	WWSL - WDRY
Moisture Content	=	$\frac{WH2O}{WDRY} (100)$
Volume of solids	=	$\frac{WDRY}{SGRAV}$
Height of solids	=	$\frac{VSOL}{A (ARING)} , A = 16.3872$
Saturation	=	$\frac{WH2O}{A (HRING - HSOL) (ARING)}$
Consolidation	=	ZDR - FDR
Height of sample	=	HRING - CONS
Height of voids	=	HSAMP - HSOL
Void ratio	=	$\frac{HVOID}{HSOL}$

Average height squared

This represents the average height of two consecutive loads on the sample, squared. In this problem, average height is halved because of the presence of a porous material placed above and below the test sample leaving it free to drain in both directions.

The formula thus becomes:

$$AHSQ = ((HSAMP + HSAM1)/2)^2$$

CONSOLIDATION TEST - VOID RATIO COMPUTATIONS

PROGRAM NO. 5502-1 I.B.M. 1620 COMPUTER

PROJECT UTICA-FRANKFORT-ILIONDATA BY Gillson DATE 6-2-64CHECKED BY E. Danner DATE 6-3-64LAB NO. 2-368-UHS5-T8CODE NO. 996

CARD 2

	ZERO LOAD DIAL READING	NO. OF LOADS
1	5	7
2	56	1

CARD 1

LABORATORY NO.			
DIST. 29 NO.	PROJECT NO.	HOLE NO.	SAMPLE NO. 45
2	3,6,8	-	1,4,5,5

WEIGHTS

DEPTH	GLASS + WET SOIL	GLASS	TARE + DRY SOIL	TARE	VOLUME FACTOR	AREA OF RING	HEIGHT OF RING	SPECIFIC GRAVITY
4	5	8	9	12	13	16	17	34
5	2,2,7,5	1,2,2,7	1,0,1,4	1,3,2,1	/	0,2,3,5	0,2,1,7	36

CARD 3

LOAD NO 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	LOAD NO 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	LOAD NO 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	FINAL DIAL READING 12 11 10 3,0 3,0 1,2,5 1,2,5 4,7,7,0,0 4,7,7,0,0 4,6,2,3,3 1,0,0,0,0 2,0,0,0,0 4,0,0,0,0 3,3,9,5,5 3,0,3,1,3
---	---	---	---

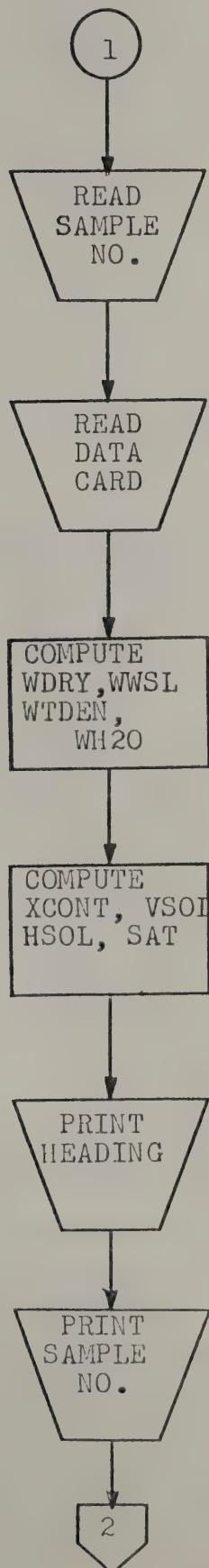
CARD TYPE 4

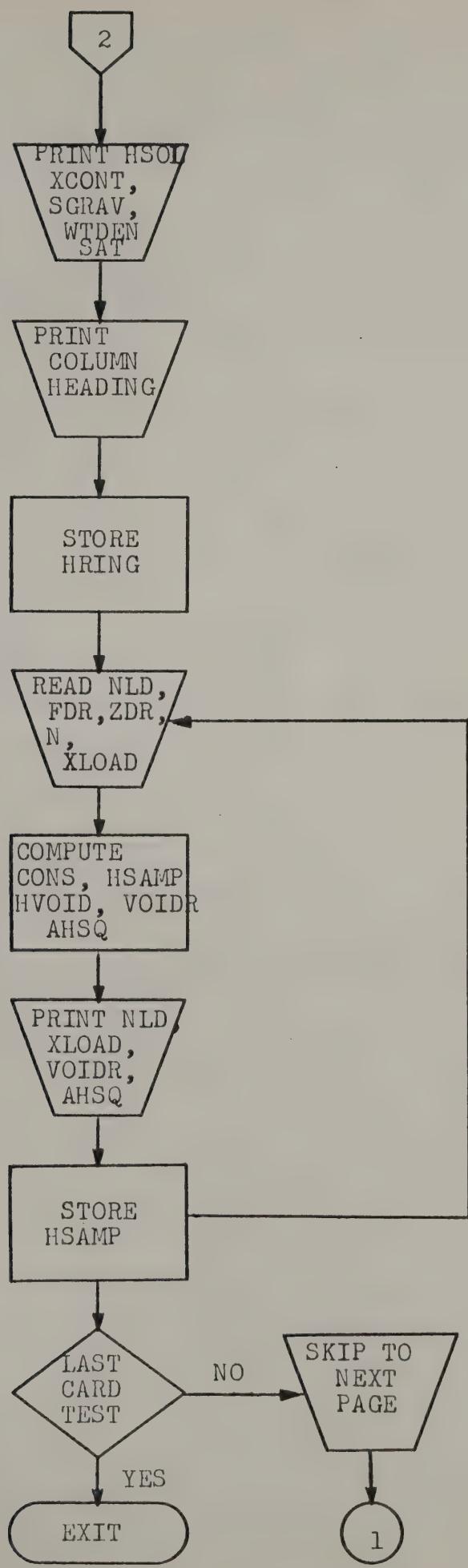
LOAD NO 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	LOAD NO 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	LOAD NO 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	FINAL DIAL READING 12 11 10 3,0 3,0 1,2,5 1,2,5 4,7,7,0,0 4,7,7,0,0 4,6,2,3,3 1,0,0,0,0 2,0,0,0,0 4,0,0,0,0 3,3,9,5,5 3,0,3,1,3
---	---	---	---

Consolidation Test

Program Number 5502-1

Block Diagram





C CONSOLIDATION TEST PROGRAM NUMBER 5502 BY H. RIVET

```
18 READ 3
  READ 15,ZDR,N
  READ 1,DEPTH,WTSG,WTGLS,WDSIR,WTARE,VFACT,ARING,HRING,SGRAV
  WDRY = WDSIR - WTARE
  WWSL = WTSG - WTGLS
  WTDEN = WWSL * VFACT
  WH2O = WWSL - WDRY
  XCONT = WH2O / WDRY * 100.
  VSOL = WDRY / SGRAV
  HSOL = VSOL / (ARING * 16.3872)
  SAT = WH2O / ((HRING - HSOL) * ARING * 16.3872) * 100.
  PRINT 2
  PRINT 3
  CONTROL 952
  PRINT 12,DEPTH,HSOL
  PRINT 4,XCONT,SGRAV
  PRINT 5,WTDEN,SAT
  PRINT 6
  PRINT 7
  HSAM1 = HRING
  DO 9 I = 1,N
  READ 13,NLD,XLOAD,FDR
  CONS=ZDR - FDR
  HSAMP = HRING - CONS
  HVOID = HSAMP - HSOL
  VOIDR = HVOID / HSOL
  AHSQ = ((HSAMP + HSAM1) / 2. / 2.) ** 2
  CONTROL 951
  PRINT 10,NLD,XLOAD,VOIDR,AHSQ
  9 HSAM1 = HSAMP
  IF(SENSE SWITCH 9)16,17
  17 CONTROL 971
  GO TO 18
  1 FORMAT(5F4.1,2F4.3,F5.4,F3.2)
  2 FORMAT(128X,18HCONSOLIDATION TEST,//)
  3 FORMAT(28X,19H LABNO      )
  4 FORMAT(9X,16HMOISTURE CONTENT,F7.2,7X,16HSPECIFIC GRAVITY,F6.2,//)
  5 FORMAT(9X,11HWET DENSITY,F12.2,7X,10HSATURATION,F12.2,//)
  6 FORMAT(46X,13HCV(IN-SQ/MIN))
  7 FORMAT(14H    LOAD NO  ,7HLOAD  ,13HVOID RATIO  ,
  113HAV HT SQ  ,8HT50  ,9HT90  ,2HCS)
  10 FORMAT(18,F10.0,F10.4,F13.4)
  12 FORMAT(9X,5HDEPTH,F18.1,7X,15HHEIGHT OF SOLID,F7.4,//)
  13 FORMAT(12,F5.0,F5.5)
  15 FORMAT(F5.5,12)
  16 STOP
  END
```


CONSOLIDATION TEST

2- 368- UHS5- T8

DEPTH 15.5 HEIGHT OF SOLID .3092

MOISTURE CONTENT 51.22 SPECIFIC GRAVITY 2.72

WET DENSITY 107.21 SATURATION 100.12

LOAD NO	LOAD	VOID RATIO	AV HT SQ	CV (IN SQ/MIN)			CS
				T50	T90		
1	.	1.3916	.1367				
2	30.	1.3891	.1366				
3	125.	1.3735	.1356				
4	250.	1.3515	.1334				
5	500.	1.3261	.1308	.0716	.0744	.0044	
6	1000.	1.2650	.1260	.0345	.0529	.0111	
7	2000.	1.1688	.1175	.0220	.0321	.0168	
8	4000.	1.0492	.1063	.0317	.0460	.0176	
9	8000.	.9291	.0946	.0466	.0594	.0156	
10	16000.	.8114	.0836	.0610	.0921	.0129	
11	30.	.9736	.0856				

Bureau of Soil Mechanics
Consolidation Test
Program Number 5502-2

SYMBOL LIST

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>
ZLOAD	Load
R (I,1)	Time
R (I,2)	Dial Reading
IORG1	Time coordinate at origin
IORG2	Dial reading coordinate at origin
NN	Counter
MM	Counter
N	Plot counter
IXY (N)	Plot coordinates
DUM = PLT (I,J)	Plot Instructions
DUM = XNM (A)	Plotter print instructions

There were no formulae used in the plot portion of this program. However, it will be noted that rather than computing the value of \log (time), a log table was incorporated in the program itself. The reason for this was for programming time considerations. Because of the nature of the plotter and time interval covered, it was deemed more economical to devise this table rather than to compute values.

CONSOLIDATION TEST TIME COMPRESSION DATA PROGRAM NO. 5502-2 I.B.M. 1620 COMPUTER

DATA BY G. JILLSON DATE 6-2-64CHECKED BY E. Danchy DATE 6-3-64 LABORATORY NO. 2-368-UHSS-T8START 8:15

1	CODE	5
	17191916	
6	LOAD	10
	12101010	
TIME	5	6 DIAL 10
.00		44344
.02		
.03		
.07		
.10		
.13		
.17		
.20		
.25		43922
.33		
.50		43713
.75		43560
1.00		43431
1.25		43322
1.50		43237
2.00		43107
2.50		43002
3.00		42921
4.00		42799
5.00		42709
6.00		42639
8.00		42540
10.00		42467
12.00		42412
15.00		42350
20.00		42273
25.00		
30.00		42173
45.00		42078
60.00		42002
75.00		41961
90.00		41919
120.00		41857
150.00		41806
180.00		41767

START 11:15

1	CODE	5
	18191916	
6	LOAD	10
	140000	
TIME	5	6 DIAL 10
0		41369
1"		
2"		
4"		
6"		
8"		
10"		
12"		
15"		40695
20"		
30"		40365
45"		40100
1'		39900
1 1/4'		39760
1 1/2'		39649
2'		39461
2 1/2'		39378
3'		39247
4'		39112
5'		39020
6'		38951
8'		38852
10'		38747
12'		38730
15'		38668
20'		38581
25'		38535
30'		38490
45'		38397
1 hr.		38329
1 1/4 hr.		38281
1 1/2 hr.		
2 hr.		38199
2 1/2 hr.		38125
3 hr.		38065

START 2:15

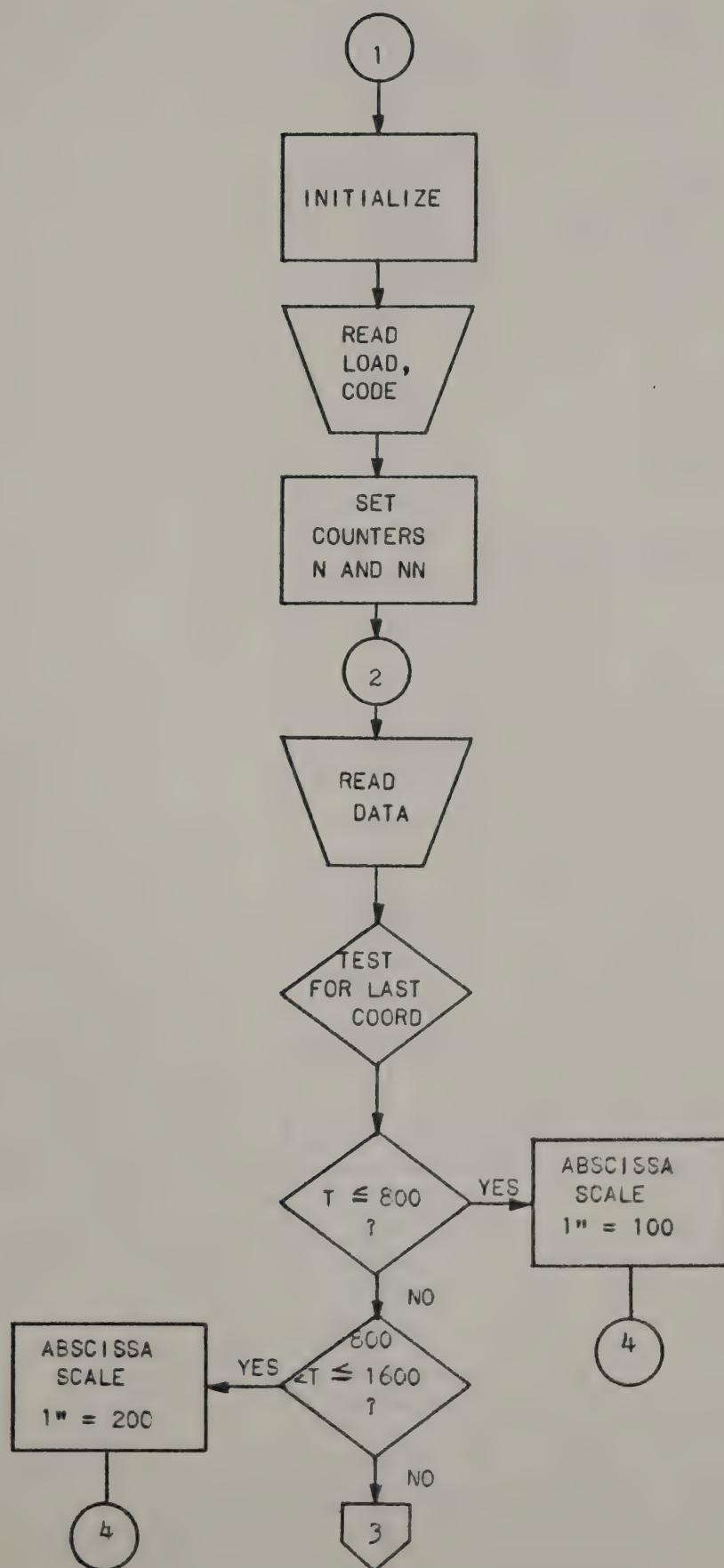
1	CODE	5
	19191916	
6	LOAD	10
	180000	
TIME	5	6 DIAL 10
0		37670
1"		
2"		
4"		
6"		
8"		
10"		
12"		
15"		36730
20"		
30"		36313
45"		36040
1'		35852
1 1/4'		35725
1 1/2'		35632
2'		35497
2 1/2'		35382
3'		35329
4'		35221
5'		35156
6'		35100
8'		35022
10'		34962
12'		34913
15'		34852
20'		34797
25'		34745
30'		34705
45'		34619
1 hr.		34561
1 1/4 hr.		34500
1 1/2 hr.		34479
2 hr.		34429
2 1/2 hr.		34398
3 hr.		34365

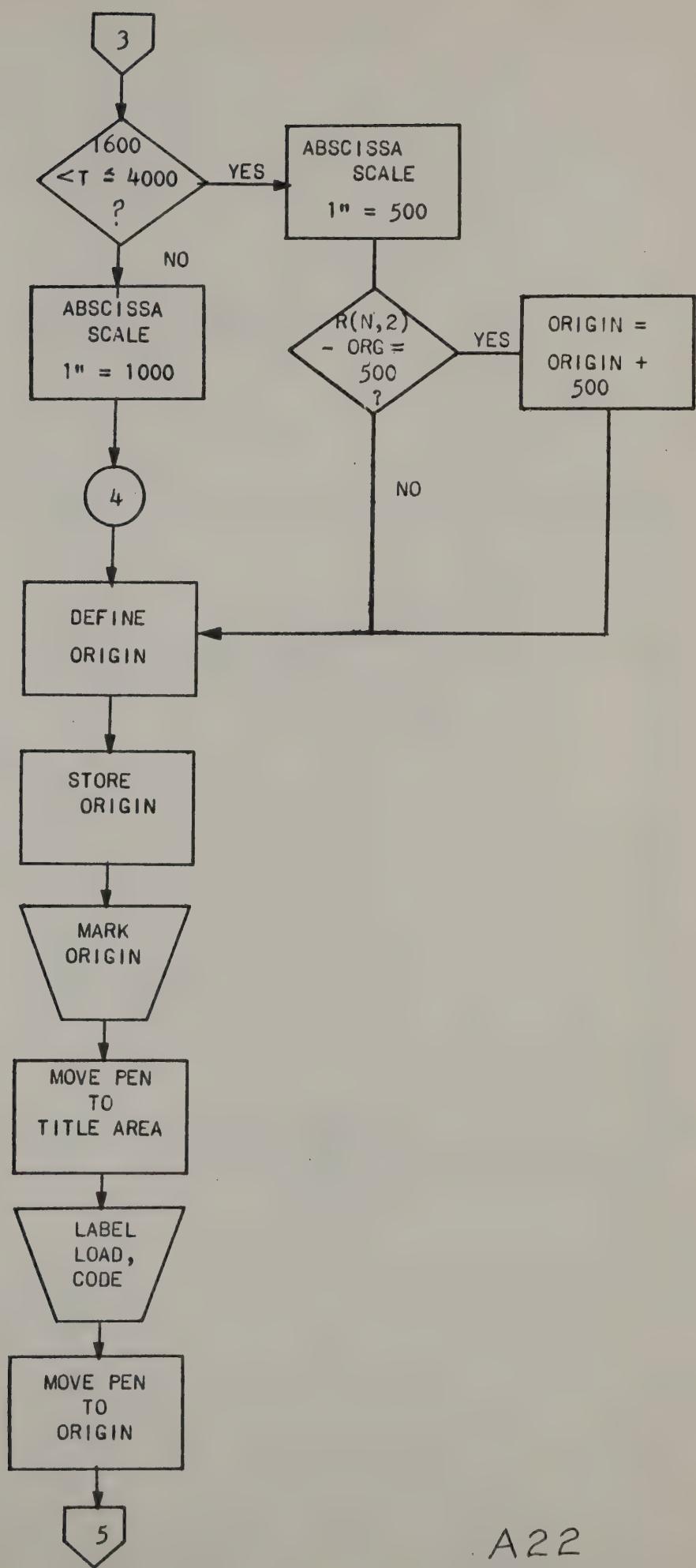
START 8:15

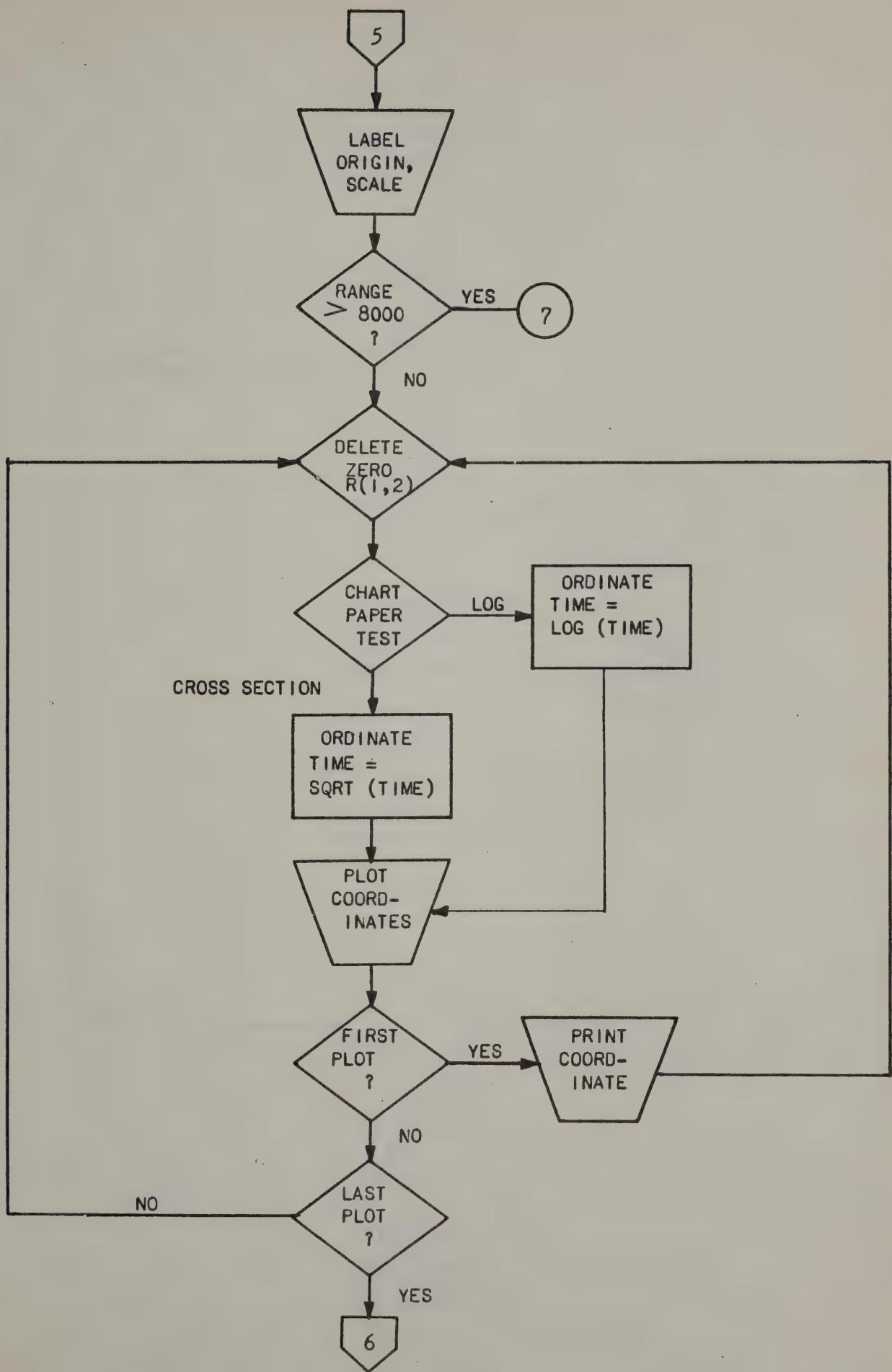
1	CODE	5
	10191916	
6	LOAD	10
	160000	
TIME	5	6 DIAL 10
0		33955
1"		
2"		
4"		
6"		
8"		
10"		
12"		
15"		32750
20"		
30"		32319
45"		32061
1'		31909
1 1/4'		31811
1 1/2'		31749
2'		31629
2 1/2'		31556
3'		31501
4'		31422
5'		31367
6'		31321
8'		31254
10'		31207
12'		31168
15'		31120
20'		31062
25'		31020
30'		30982
45'		30903
1 hr.		30855
1 1/4 hr.		30800
1 1/2 hr.		30785
2 hr.		30733
2 1/2 hr.		30698
3 hr.		30665

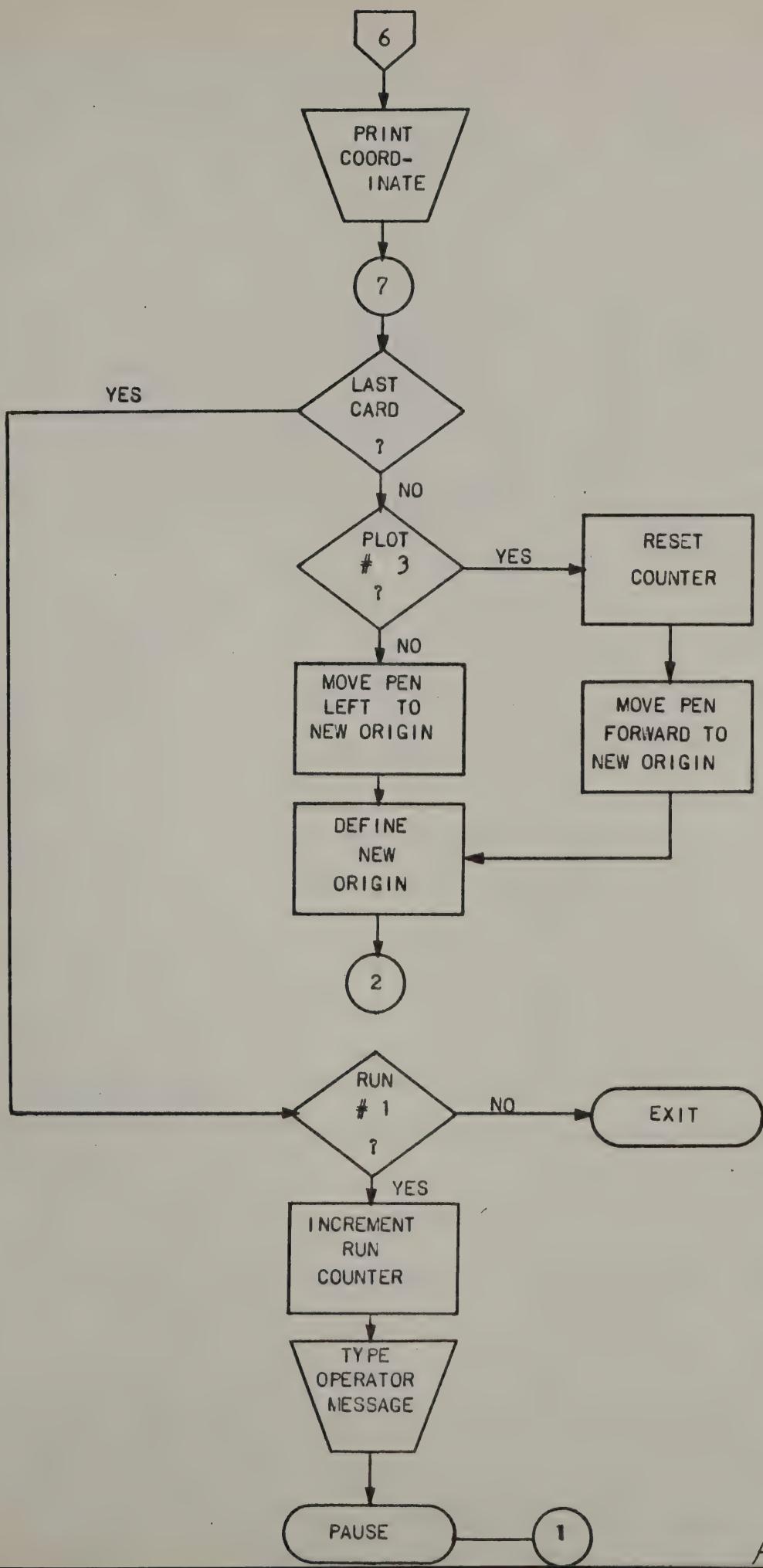
CONSOLIDATION TEST

PROGRAM NUMBER 5502 - 2

BLOCK DIAGRAM







CONSOLIDATION TEST PROGRAM NO. 5502 BY H. RIVET

DIMENSION IXY(4),R(35,2)

IF(SENSE SWITCH 9)78,78

78 $XX=0.$
 $XY = 1.$
 $MM = 0$
49 $NN=0$
40 READ 16, CODE, ZLOAD
 $N=35$
 $NN=NN+1$
 READ 18,R(1,1),R(1,2),R(2,1),R(2,2),R(3,1),R(3,2),R(4,1),R(4,2),
 1R(5,1),R(5,2),R(6,1),R(6,2),R(7,1),R(7,2)
 READ 18,R(8,1),R(8,2),R(9,1),R(9,2),R(10,1),R(10,2),R(11,1),
 1R(11,2),R(12,1),R(12,2),R(13,1),R(13,2),R(14,1),R(14,2)
 READ 18,R(15,1),R(15,2),R(16,1),R(16,2),R(17,1),R(17,2),R(18,1),
 1R(18,2),R(19,1),R(19,2),R(20,1),R(20,2),R(21,1),R(21,2)
 READ 18,R(22,1),R(22,2),R(23,1),R(23,2),R(24,1),R(24,2),R(25,1),
 1R(25,2),R(26,1),R(26,2),R(27,1),R(27,2),R(28,1),R(28,2)
 READ 18,R(29,1),R(29,2),R(30,1),R(30,2),R(31,1),R(31,2),R(32,1),
 1R(32,2),R(33,1),R(33,2),R(34,1),R(34,2),R(35,1),R(35,2)

60 IF(RIN,2)162,61,62

61 $N=N-1$

GO TO 60

ABSCISSA SCALE FOLLOWS

5502

62 $T = R(1,2) - R(N,2)$ IF($T=800.$)31,31,3434 IF($T=1600.$)32,32,3535 IF($T=4000.$)33,33,3631 $IX = R(N,2)/100.$ $X = IX$ $X = X * 100.$

SCALE = 1.

GO TO 73

32 $IX = R(N,2)/100.$ $X = IX$ $X = X * 100.$

SCALE = 2.

GO TO 73

33 $IX = R(N,2)/1000.$ $X = IX$ $X = X * 1000.$

SCALE = 5.

 $YY = R(N,2) - X$ IF($YY = 500.$)73,73,3737 $X = X + 500.$

GO TO 73

36 $IX = R(N,2)/1000.$ $X = IX$ $X = X * 1000.$

SCALE = 10.

DEFINE ORIGIN

5502

73 $IXY(1) = 0$ $IXY(2) = -1$

IORG1 = IXY(1)

IORG2 = IXY(2) + 1

DUM = PLT(0.0)

PRINT LOAD IN PSF

 $IXY(1) = IXY(1)+500$ $IXY(2) = IXY(2)-30$


```

DUM = PLT(1.1)
DUM = XNM(ZLOAD)
IXY(2) = IXY(2) - 20
DUM = PLT(1.1)
DUM = XNM(CODE)
IXY(1) = IORG1
IXY(2) = IORG2
DUM = PLT(1.1)
IXY(1) = IXY(1)+3
IXY(2) = IXY(2) + 1
IXY(3)=IXY(1)-6
IXY(4)=IXY(2)
DUM=PLT(1.0)
IXY(2)=IXY(2)+3
IXY(4)=IXY(2)-6
IXY(1) = IXY(1)-3
IXY(3)=IXY(1)
DUM = PLT(1.0)
IXY(1) = IXY(1) - 60
IXY(2) = IXY(2) -9
DUM = PLT(1.1)
DUM = XNM(X)
IXY(1) = IXY(1)+56
IXY(2) = IXY(2)-11
DUM = PLT(1.1)
IF(MM)89,88,89
88 DUM = XNM(XY)
GO TO 108
89 DUM = XNM(XX)
108 IXY(1) = IXY(1) - 26.
IXY(2) = IXY(2) + 300
DUM = PLT(1.1)
DUM = XNM(SCALE*100.)
TT = R(1,2) - X
IE(TT - 9470.)109,109,90
109 DO 20 I = 1,N
IE(R(I,2))19,20,19
TEST FOR GRAPH PAPER 0= LOG, 1= CROSS SECTION
19 IF(MM)42,41,42
TEST FOR SCALE
41 R(1,1) = 0. 5502
R(2,1) = 0.2210
R(3,1) = 0.5224
R(4,1) = 0.8235
R(5,1) = 1.0000
R(6,1) = 1.1239
R(7,1) = 1.2201
R(8,1) = 1.3010
R(9,1) = 1.3979
R(10,1) = 1.5224
R(11,1) = 1.6990
R(12,1) = 1.8751
R(13,1) = 2.0000
R(14,1) = 2.0969
R(15,1) = 2.1761
R(16,1) = 2.3010
R(17,1) = 2.3979
R(18,1) = 2.4771
R(19,1) = 2.6021

```



```

R(20,1) = 2.6990
R(21,1) = 2.7782
R(22,1) = 2.9031
R(23,1) = 3.0000
R(24,1) = 3.0792
R(25,1) = 3.1761
R(26,1) = 3.3010
R(27,1) = 3.3979
R(28,1) = 3.4771
R(29,1) = 3.6532
R(30,1) = 3.7782
R(31,1) = 3.8751
R(32,1) = 3.9542
R(33,1) = 4.0792
R(34,1) = 4.1761
R(35,1) = 4.2553
IXY(1) = R(1,1)*200.-1.
GO TO 30
ORDINATE = LOG(TIME) = 2.0, SQRT(TIME) = .50
42 IXY(1) = SQRTF(R(1,1))* 50.-1.
MARK PLOTS R(1,1) = R(35,1)
30 IXY(3) = IXY(1)+2
IXY(2) = (R(1,2) - X)/SCALE -1.
IXY(4) = IXY(2)+2
DUM = PLT(1.0)
IXY(1) = IXY(3)
IXY(4) = IXY(2)+2
IXY(3) = IXY(1)-2
DUM = PLT(1.0)
TEST FOR FIRST AND LAST PLOT 5502
IF(R(1,2) = R(1,2))20,22,20
22 IXY(1) = IXY(1)+10
PRINT FIRST AND LAST PLOT
DUM = PLT(1.1)
DUM = XNM(R(1,2))
20 CONTINUE
IXY(1) = IXY(1) + 10
DUM = PLT(1.1)
DUM = XNM(R(1,2))
LAST CARD TEST 5502
90 IF(SENSE SWITCH 9)45,70
70 IF(NN=3)51,53,51
51 IXY(2) = IORG2 + 950
IXY(1)=IORG1
GO TO 50
53 IXY(1) = IORG1 + 1100
IXY(2) = IORG2 - 1900
NN = 0
50 DUM = PLT(1.1)
GO TO 40
45 IF(MM)47,46,47
46 MM = 1
TYPE 48
TYPE 68
TYPE 39
PAUSE
GO TO 49
47 TYPE 69
16 FORMAT(2F5.0)

```



```
18 FORMAT(F5.2,F5.0,F5.2,F5.0,F5.2,F5.0,F5.2,F5.0,F5.2,F5.0,  
1F5.2,F5.0,F5.2,F5.0)  
39 FORMAT(11HRELOAD DATA)  
48 FORMAT(//,29HCHANGE TO CROSS SECTION PAPER,//)  
68 FORMAT(17HSET PEN AT ORIGIN,//)  
69 FORMAT(16H// END OF JOB //)  
200 FORMAT(2A5)  
END
```

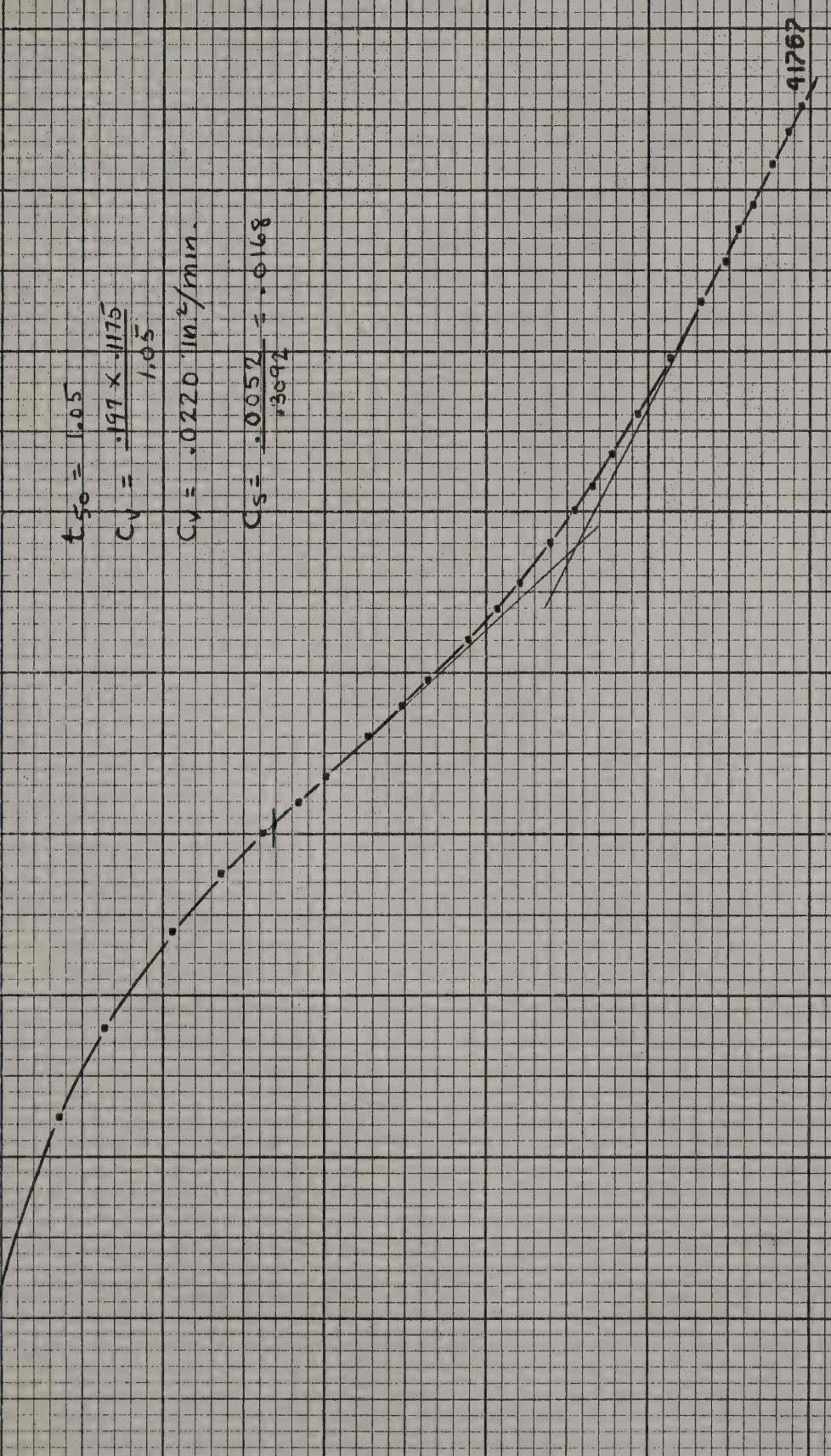

• 44344

$$t_{50} = 0.5$$

$$C_V = \frac{0.67 \times 0.175}{1.05}$$

$$C_V = 0.0220 \text{ in}^2/\text{min}$$

$$C_S = \frac{0.0572}{0.3092} = 0.18$$



A29

41000

2000
2396

4176?

33855

$$\sqrt{t_{100}} = 2.0 \times 4.4 = .88$$

$$T_{100} = 0.17$$

$$C_V = \frac{848 \times .0836}{0.17}$$

$$C_V = .0921 \text{ in}^2/\text{min.}$$

500

20500

0

30555

16000
10936

A 30



01445



LRI